Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Discipline: Agronomy





Discipline: Agronomy



On Farm Trials – Discipline: Agronomy

Title:Varietal performance of late sown toria (var.TS-67) .Thematic Area:Varietal evaluationProblem Diagnosed:Low productivity of toria due to late sowing

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of	Location	No. of tria to be	als proposed	Parameters of assessment/refinement
	release		Number	Area	
Crop: Toria	RARS,	Malaguri,	3	o.8 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
Variety: TS-67 Sowing of seeds in	shillongani, AAU	Joyma , Sonapur			1. Plant height
mid Nov-mid to	////0				2. Fruit/plant
Dec,16.)	Dec,16.)				3. Yield/plant
Farmers Practice-					4. Yield/plant
Local variety					5. B:C Ratio
					Farmer Practice
					1. Plant height
					2. Fruit/plant
				3. Yield/plant	
				4. Yield/plant	
					5. B:C Ratio

On Farm Trials – Discipline: Agronomy

Title: Weed management in Boro riceThematic Area: Integrated Weed ManagementProblem Diagnosed: Low yield of summerrice due to severe weed infestation duringsummer season

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	release		Number	Area	
Application of	AICRP	Kadamguri,	3	o.8 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
Pretilachlore 0.75	project	Daoligauri,			1. Initial and final NPK status of soil
(a) 1.0 kg /ha as pre		Joyma			 Plant height, plant population, pod /plant, seed/ pod
emergence at o-3	AAU,				3. Weed population
DAT followed by by paddy weeder at 30	Jorhat				4. Yield
DAT					Farmer Practice
					1. Initial and final NPK status of soil
				 Plant height, plant population, pod /plant, seed/ pod 	
					3. Weed population
					4. Yield

On Farm Trials – Discipline: Agronomy

Title: *Utera* cropping of grass pea with Sali rice **Thematic Area**: Tillage Management Problem Diagnosed: Mono cropping due to late harvesting of Sali rice

Technology/ Social Concept to be	5,		No. of tria proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Number of farmers	Area	
Application of 6 kg	pplication of 6 kg RRPS-34 Kujrabguri,	Kujrabguri ,	3	o.8 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
DAP to the relay(NATP),Sonapur,crop (grass pea)andAAU,Dotmacutting of stubbleJorhat	Sonapur,			1. Initial and final NPK status of soil	
	Dotma			 Plant height, plant population, pod /plant, seed/ pod 	
height of rice at 20	2004				3. Yield
cm					<u>Farmer Practice</u>
			1. Initial and final NPK status of soil		
			 Plant height, plant population, pod /plant, seed/ pod 		
					3. Yield

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Agronomy

FLD - (Discipline: Agronomy)

Title: FLD on Hybrid maize **Thematic Area**: Varietal evaluation **Problem Diagnosed : Low productivity of Maize due to use of local variety**

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolo gy and	Location	No. of de propose		Parameters of assessment
	year of release		Area	Demo	
Crop: Maize var. : Hybrid Sowing time: Nov- Dec. Seed rate: 22.5 kg /ha Fertilizer dose: N: P_2O_5 : K_2O /ha:=60:30:30	MaizeAICRP on Maize, AAU, JorhatMaktaigaon, Balipara, Malaguriate: 22.5 kg /haJorhatMaktaigaon, Balipara, Malaguri	Balipara,	1.0 ha	5	New Technology1.Initial and final NPK status in soil2.plant height, plant population, seed/ Panicle3.Seed Yield4. Date of sowing and harvest
			<u>Farmer Practice</u>		

FLD - (Discipline: Agronomy)

Title: FLD on SRI technology during summer Rice Thematic Area: Integrated Crop Management **Problem Diagnosed :** High cost of production in traditional method

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology	Location	tion No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment
	and year of release		Area	Demo	
Crop: rice	IARI, 2012	RI, 2012 Kathalguri 2.0 ha 8 , Goibari, Kalugaon	8	<u>New Technology</u>	
var. : HYV/Hybrid					1.Initial and final NPK status in soil
Sowing time: Nov- Dec.					 2.plant height, plant population, seed/ Panicle
Seed rate: 5 kg /ha					
with SRI practice					3.Seed Yield
					Farmer Practice
					1.Initial and final NPK status in soil
				 2.plant height, plant population, seed/ Panicle 	
					3.Seed Yield

FLD - (Discipline: Agronomy)

Title: Use of HYV of lentil (HUL-57) Thematic Area: Varietal evaluation **Problem Diagnosed :** Low yield of local varieties

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of dei proposed		Parameters of assessment
			Area	Demo	
Crop: Lentil var. : HUL-57 Sowing time: Mid Oct- Mid Nov. Seed rate:30 kg /ha Fertilizer dose: N: P2O5: K20/ha=10:35:0	RARS, Shilongani	Kujrabguri, amlaiguri, Bajugaon	1.o ha	6	New Technology1.Initial and final status in soil2.Plant height, plant population, pod/ plant, seed/ pod3.Seed Yield4. Date of sowing and harvestFarmer Practice



Descipline: Agronomy



Training for farmer and farm women

- Certified seed production of Sali rice
- Scientific production technology for Kharif pulses
- Scientific production technology for Rabi pulses and oil seeds
- Improved production technology of Maize
- Scientific production technology of Boro rice
- Water management practice for Rabi crops

Training for Extension Functionaries

- Recent Advancement in weed management
- Awareness programme on climate change

Vocational Training

Integrated Farming System

Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Discipline: Horticulture



Discipline: Horticulture

On Farm Trials – Discipline: Horticulture

Title: Varietal performance of broccoli variety Everest **Thematic Area**: Varietal evaluation Problem Diagnosed: Low productivity of existing varieties

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	release		Area	No	
T1- broccoli variety Everest	Departme	Dotma,	0.13	3	<u>New Technology</u>
T2- Farmers practice	nt of	Jiaguri and			1. Plant height (cm)
T3 -Check-Recommended variety	Horticultur e, AAU,	Katribari			2. Head weight (g)
, .	Jorhat				3. Head diameter (cm)
					4. Cull head weight (g)
					5. Head yield (q)
					6. B:C ratio
					Farmer Practice
					1. Plant height
					2. Head weight (g)
					3. Head diameter (cm)
				4. Cull head weight (g)	
					5. Head yield (q)
					6. B:C ratio

On Farm Trials – Discipline: Horticulture

Title: Varietal performance of tomato variety Arka Rakshak

Thematic Area: Varietal evaluation

Problem Diagnosed: Low yield of local varieties and susceptible to bacterial wilt

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology	Location	No. of tria proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	and year of release		Area	No	
T1 -Tomato Hybrid	IIHR,	Sarfanguri	0.13	3	<u>New Technology</u>
Arka Rakshak resistant to	Bangalore, 2013	Dotma Bajugaon			1.Plant height (cm)
bacterial wilt and	2015	Dajoguon			2.Days to 50% flowering & fruiting
leaf curl virus T2 - Farmers					3.Yield/ plant (kg)
practice					4.yield/ ha (q)
T3 -Check variety- Swaraksha					5.B:C ratio
					Farmer Practice (Local Varities)
					1.Plant height (cm)
				2.Days to 50% flowering & fruiting	
					3.Yield/ plant (kg)
				4.yield/ ha (q)	
					5.B:C ratio.

On Farm Trials – Discipline: Horticulture

Title: Performance assessment of bunch cover in banana

Thematic Area: Crop management

Problem Diagnosed: Low consumer preference due to poor appearance of banana fruit.

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	release		Area	No	
T1 -Bunch cover in	Department	Dotma,	0.13	3	<u>NewTechnology</u> (White propylene bag)
banana with white	of	Kokrajhar and			1. Fingers per hand
propylene bag for effective control of	Horticulture, AAU, Jorhat	Goladangi			2. Hands per bunch
fruit scaring beetle.					3. Bunch weight (g)
					4. Pest incidence (%)
T2 -Farmers Practice-Bunch					5. Consumer preference
Cover with Gunny					6. B:C ratio
bag					Farmer Practice (Gunny bag)
T3 -Control-					1. Fingers per hand
Without cover					2. Hands per bunch
				3. Bunch weight (g)	
				4. Pest incidence (%)	
				5. Consumer preference	
					6. B:C ratio

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Horticulture

Title: Varietal performance of Okra hybrid Thematic Area: Varietal evaluation **Problem Diagnosed :** Low yield of local varieties

Concept to be tech and	Source of Location technology and year of release	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	Demo	
Crop: Okra	Okra hybrid variety nt of Jiaguri	Bhomrabill	0.13 ha	5	1. Plant height (cm)
Okra hybrid variety					2. Fruit no/plant
Sankar (AAUUK Hyd I)	re, AAU,	Khatribari			3. No. of ridges/fruit
	Jorhat				4. Fruit length (cm)
					5. Fruit weight of 10 fruits
					6. Fruit yield/plant (kg)
					7. Fruit yield/ha (q)
					8. Incidence of YVMV (%)
					9.Consumer preference
					10. B:C ratio

Title: Varietal performance of high yielding roselle variety Thematic Area: Varietal evaluation **Problem Diagnosed** : Low yield of local varieties

Technology/ Social Concept to be	577	Location	No. of de proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	Demo	
Crop: Roselle High yielding Roselle	h yielding Roselle nt of Khatibari	0.13 ha	7	1. Plant height at first leaf picking (cm)	
variety RS 09-01	re, AAU,	Maktaigao n			2 Duration to first leaf picking
	Jorhat				3. Days to 1 st fruit picking from sowing
					4. Leaf weight (g/plant)
					5. No. of leaf harvest
					6. Leaf yield (q/ha)
					7. B:C ratio
				9.Consumer preference	

Title: Mulching in tuberose for year round quality flower production and weed management Thematic Area: Mulching Technology

Problem Diagnosed : Weed growth during rainy season hampers growth & flower production in tuberose

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of	nology	No. of dei proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	release		Area	Demo	
Crop: Tuberose	High Mulching with 50nt ofKadamgurimicronblackHorticultuKusumbil	· ·	0.13 ha	5	1. Plant height (cm)
•		5			 Spike length (cm) Rachis length (cm) No. of florets/spike
					5. Spike duration (days)
					6. No. of bulb/plant
					7. Vase life (days)
				8. Spike yield/ha (q)	
				9. Weed biomas	
					10.B:C ratio

Title: Popularization of heat tolerant cauliflower variety Thematic Area: Varietal evaluation **Problem Diagnosed :** Non availability of heat tolerant cauliflower variety

Concept to be tech	Source of Location technology and year of release	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	Demo	
Heat tolerant nt of n cauliflower variety Horticultu Bajug	•	Maktaigao	0.26 ha	8	1. Plant height (cm)
	n Bajugaon Dotma			 Curd diameter (cm) Curd weight (cm) Disease incidence(%) 	
					5. Consumer preference
					6. Yield/ha (q)
				7. B:C ratio	

TRAINING

Discipline: Horticulture

Training for farmer and farm women

- Organic production technology of cabbage and cauliflower.
- Scientific production technology of pointed gourd and spine gourd.
- Commercial cultivation of banana, pineapple and papaya.
- Commercial cultivation technology of coconut and arecanut.
- Improved cultivation technology of potato with reference to TPS.
- Scientific cultivation of ginger and turmeric.
- Scientific cultivation technology of tapioca and colocasia.
- Multi-storeyed cropping in arecanut and coconut based cropping systems.
- Nursery raising techniques of transplanted vegetable crops
- Protected cultivation techniques of off-season vegetable crops.
- Scientific cultivation technology of chow-chow.
- Different propagation techniques of black pepper and betel-vine.
- Improved cultivation practices of okra and cowpea

Training for Rural Youth

- Training on general tools and implements used in horticulture nursery.
- Processing of vegetables for pickle making.
- Horticulture nursery as a source of self-employment.
- Year round production of vegetables inside low cost polyhouse.

Training for Extension Functionaries

Multi-storeyed cropping models for higher yield and income.
 Scientific cultivation technology of strawberry.

Vocational Training

 Processing of fruits and vegetables for different value added products

Awareness Camp

Use of tissue culture banana against panama wilt
 TPS as the best planting material for potato cultivation.

Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Discipline: Soil Science



Discipline: Soil Science

On Farm Trials – Discipline : Soil Science

Title: Integrated nutrient management of Kharif Black gram Thematic Area: Soil health Problem Diagnosed: Poor soil health & low nutrient use efficiency

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Number of farmers	Area	
T1- RD of NPK+	AAU	Kujrabguri,	3	o.6 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
Seed inoculated		Alokjhar,			1.Initial and final NPK status in soil
with rizobium and PSB @ 50 gm/kg of		Hatigarh			2.Nutrient uptake
seed T2 - RDF of NPK without seed inoculation	seed F2 - RDF of NPK without seed noculation F3 - Farmers				3.Date of sowing and harvest
					4.Plant height, plant stand, pod/plant, seed/pod and seed yield/ha
T3- Farmers practices				5.Rainfall and temperature throughout the crop growing period	
				Farmer Practice	

On Farm Trials – Discipline : Soil Science

Title: Phosphorus management in Rice- Linseed sequence Thematic Area: Soil management Problem Diagnosed: Low availability of phosphorus

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Number of farmers	Area	
In Rice	AAU	Padmabil, Kembelpur Sialmari -2	3	o.6 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
T1 -75% of RD of P2O5 + PSB In Linseed					1.Initial fertility status of the soil
					2.Date of sowing and harvest
75% of RD of P2O5					3.Incidence of pest and diseases
T2- Recommended doses of NPK in rice and linseed					4.Yield and yield attributing characters
T3 - Farmers practices					<u>Farmer Practice</u>

On Farm Trials – Discipline : Soil Science

Title: Effect of Boron on the productivity of wheat Thematic Area: Soil management Problem Diagnosed: Poor availability of nutrient and low yield

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of tria proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Number of farmers	Area	
T1 : Basal	AAU,	Kembelpur, Rangagaon, Padmabil	3	o.6 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
Application of	Shillongoni				1. Initial and final NPK status in soil
Borax @ 10.0 kg/ha+ RDF					2.Nutrient uptake
T2 : No Borax application + RDF					3.Plant height, plant stand, pod/plant, seed/pod and seed
T3- Farmers					4.yield/ha
practices					5. B:C
					Farmer Practice

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Soil Science

FLD - (Discipline: Soil Science)

Title: FLD on biofertilizer seed treatment in toria var TS-38

Thematic Area: Soil health

Problem Diagnosed : Low nutrient use efficiency and high cost involved with chemical

fertilizer

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolog y and year		No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement		
	of release		Area	Demo			
Crop: Toria (TS-38)	AAU	Shyamdesguri Maktaigaon, Ghoshkata, Banargaon	1.5 ha	5	 Initial and final soil NPK status 		
T1 -75% RD of N and P fertilizer along with			,	· · ·	Ghoshkata, Banargaon,		
seed treatment of	seed treatment of Amlaiguri	U ,			3.Yield		
biofertilizers (Azotobacter & PSB @ 40 g/kg seed) and RD of K fertilizer T2 100% RD of NPK fertilizer without biofertilizers seed treatment					4. B:C ratio		

FLD - (Discipline: Soil Science)

Title: Fabrication of a low cost vermicomposting structure

Thematic Area: Soil health

Problem Diagnosed : High cost of construction materials of concret vermicomposting unit

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolog y and year			No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	of release		Area	Demo		
T1- Low cost vermicomposting in concrete pits with dimension of 2.5 m (L) X 0.91 m (B) X 0.91 m	AAU, Jorhat	Dawaguri, Sapkata, Howriahpet, Haraputa, Padmabil, Dotma, Ambari, Basbari, Diajijuri, Bhalokjora	10 units	10	1. Duration of composting	
					2. Count of earthworm spp	
					3. Total production/cubic m	
(D) T2 - Control (Concrete structure)					4. B:C ratio	

FLD - (Discipline: Soil Science)

Title: FLD on Integrated nutrient management of chilli under rice fallow medium land situation

Thematic Area: Soil health

Problem Diagnosed : Degradation of soil health due to inorganic fertilizer based practices

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolog y and year	r	ocation No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	of release		Area	Demo	
T1- Half of RDF+ Vermicompost 2 split doseAAU, JorhatDhawliguri, Padmabil, Hatibandha, Habrubil, Diajijuri,T2-Farmers PracticesKembelpur, Dotma, Restekpur, Joyma	Padmabil,	o.2 ha	10	1.Initial and final status in soil (NPK)	
		Habrubil, Diajijuri, Kembelpur,			 Growth parameters of crop (Plant height, Leaf no)
					 Yield attributing character(Fruit no/Plant)
			4. B:C ratio		



Discipline: Soil Science



Training for farmer and farm women

- Management soil acidity for oil seed and pulse crop
- Impact of green manuring crop in soil fertility
- Management of soil fertility for vegetable crops
- Water harvesting and soil- water conservation practices
- Fertilizer use efficiency for field crops
- Production technology of Azolla and its use in crop production
- Importance of micronutrient in sustainable crop production
- Influence of sulphur and boron for oil seed crop production
- Integrated nutrient management in field crops
- Integrated nutrient management in boro rice
- Fertility management practices for plantation crops(Coconut)
- Management of soil erosion and conservation
- Uses of soil health card for crop production and soil health management.

Training for Rural Youth

- Production technology of bio fertilizer
- Soil fertility management for fruit crops
- On farm soil water conservation measures
- Zinc nutrition in hybrid rice production
- Soil Fertility management of high density planting of banana

Training for Extension Functionaries

Organic farming and sustainable agriculture
Soil health management and soil health card

Vocational Training

Vermicompost and enriched compost production technology

Awareness Camp

Soil Health campaign

Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Dicipline: Plant Protection





KVK Kokrajhar.



On Farm Trials - Discipline: Plant Protection

Title: Integrated management approach against important insect pests and rodents of coconut.

Thematic Area: Integrated Pest Management

Problem Diagnosed: Insect pests are diverse and needs selective treatments for

management and so is with rodents.

Technology/Social ConceptSource ofLocationto betechnology			f trials ed to be	Parameters of assessment/refinement	
Assessed	and year of release		No of farmers	Area	
 T₁-1.Cut fronds leaving a petiole length of 120 cm, 2.Log trapping with toddy for red palm weevil, 3.Use of pheromone traps @ 20 per ha4.Setting up of light traps, 5.Trunk branding with aluminum sheet, 6.Inject attacked palm with Carbaryl 1% 7.Bromodiolone @ 30 bait points/ha, T2-Farmers practice T3-Without treatment 	CPCRI Kasaragod da	 Joyma MukulDanga Diajajhari Dhauliguri 	10	15 coconut plants	 Insect collected in log trapping (Red palm weevil), Insect trapped in pheromone traps(Rhinocerous beetle/red palm weevil), Number of dropped mature nut, (rodents) Number of dropped small nuts (mite), Number of mature nuts in an inflorescence

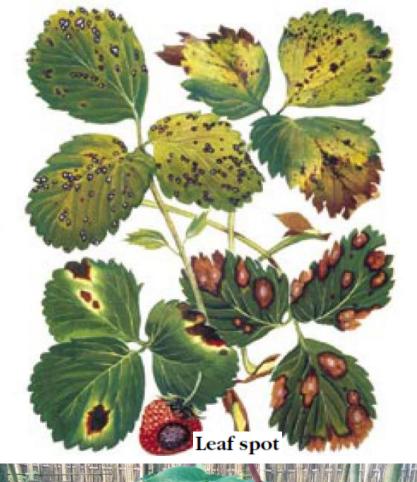
On Farm Trials - Discipline: Plant Protection

Title: Management of bacterial wilt of tomato.

Thematic Area: Biological Control.

Problem Diagnosed: Bacterial wilt is a severe problem in all the tomato growing areas of the district. Indiscriminate use of wide ranges of chemicals (as suggested by agro shops).

Technology/Social Concept to be Source of Location Source of technology and year of	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
	release		Number	Area	
 T1-Application of Bioveer (<i>Trichoderma viride</i>) / Biozium (<i>T.harzianum</i>)/ Bio-Time (Combination of <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>fluorescens, T.viride</i> and <i>Metarhizium anisopliae</i>) as Seed treatment, Nursery bed treatment, Seedling root dip treatment,Soil application T2-Farmers Practice T3-Control 	DBT-AAU Centre, AAU, Jorhat	1.Kembelpur 2.Alokjhar 3.Shyamdasguri	3	0.3	 Germination percentage, Seedling count, Incidence of wilt, Mature healthy plant count at fruit setting stage, B:C Ratio Yield



Lingun



Phytophthora crown rot.



On Farm Trials - Discipline: Plant Protection

Title: Biological management methods of grey mould, leaf spot and phythopthora crown rot disease in strawberry

Thematic Area: Biological control.

Problem Diagnosed: The occurrence of leaf spots, grey mould and crown rot detected in some pockets is seen as problems that needs immediate attention.

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		
			Number	Area	
 T1-Application of Bio-Time (Combination of Pseudomonas fluorescens, T. viride and Metarhizium anisopliae) Seedling root dip treatment, Soil application T2-Farmers Practice T3-Control 	DBT-AAU Centre, AAU, Jorhat	1.Kadamguri 2. Goladangi 3.Dhauliguri	3	0.4	 Leaf spot count, Grey mould infected fruit, Rot infected plants, Yield

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Plant Protection

KVK Kokrajhar.

Title:Light traps for managing insects.

Thematic Area: Mechanical Methods

Problem Diagnosed : Chemical insecticides has deleterious effect on the environment and human health

and year of	Source of technology and year of release	ology ear of	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	Demo	
Monitor or mass trapping of both sexes of phototrophic insects. Crop: Rice	NCIPM, New Delhi 2015	Joyma Peripur Maktaigaon	o.8o ha	3	 Count of insect pests in peak reproduction stage, Count of Adult population during start of cropping season, Count of Yellow stem borer/earhead bug/mole cricket Yield

Title: Front Line Demonstration of bird scarring device (reflective ribbon) against depredatory birds (Munia and weaver birds) in rice crops.

Thematic Area: Other Beneficial Methods

Problem Diagnosed : Birds control by other methods are not effective

Technology/ Social Concept to be		No. of de proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	Demo	
1.During sunshine the reflection of sunlight and humming noice produced by the wind scare the bird 2.It also protect the adjacent uncovered plants	RARS, North Lakhimpur	Lotamari Bhalukmari Palashguri Tulshibil Sialmari-1 Kathalguri	10 unit	10	 Birds repelled, Birds found neglecting the ribbon, Yield, B:C ratio,

Title: 'Amulya Amrit' for pest and disease management

Thematic Area: Innovative methods of pest management

Problem Diagnosed : Continuous application of Chemical Methods of pest & disease management has damaged the soil and the eco-system

Technology/Social Concept to be Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	Demo	
A mixture of cow urine, cow milk, curd, honey, green banana, coconut paste and ghee are kept in sealed container. This mixture is kept in shade covered with wet gunny bags for three days and thereafter the bags removed and the container is opened to release the gas and stirred with stick. The fermented solution is 'Amulya Amrit' Crop: Tomato	ICAR – Farm Innovators 2010	Gokulkata Bhomrabil Gaonsulka Joyma Gendrabil	o.7 ha	5	 Disease incidence . Insect count, B:C ratio, Yield

Title: Management of wilt and rhizome rot in ginger

Thematic Area: Biological method

Problem Diagnosed : Biological control measures are effective against all bio-types of diseases & has long lasting control action

Technology/ Social Concept to be Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	Demo	
Application of Bioveer (<i>Trichoderma viride</i>) / Biozium (<i>T.harzianum</i>)/ Bio-Time (Combination of <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>fluorescens, T.viride and</i> <i>Metarhizium anisopliae</i>) •Rhizome treatment •Soil treatment	DBT-AAU AAU, Jorhat- 13 2015	Hatibandha Tipkai Alokjhar Jomduar Bandarmori	0.4 ha	7	 Number of disease free plants, Incidence of rot in treated and check plots Cost benefit ratio, Yield

TRAINING

Discipline: Plant Protection

KVK Kokrajhar.

Training for farmer and farm women

- Eco friendly methods of pest and disease management.
- Important diseases/insects of coconut/arecanut and their management.
- Diseases of banana cause, precautionary measures and management methods.
- Integration of traditional methods of pest management with modern methods.
- Management of mole cricket in paddy and maize.
- Diseases of strawberry and their management.
- Pest diversionary approach in rice.
- IPM –its concepts and application.
- Insect pest and disease management in tomato, chilli and brinjal crop.
- Biological management approach against white fly in okra.
- Rodent management in field and store.
- Late blight of potato its integrated management methods.
- Important diseases of pulse and its management.

Training for Rural Youth

- General tools against insect pests and rodents a brief discussion.(1)
- Recent advances in pests and disease management.(1)
- Identification of locally available natural predators and their conservation.(1)
- Artificial queen rearing techniques.(2)

Training for Extension Functionaries

- Introduction to Agro Eco System Analysis.(1)
- Pesticides-uses and misuses and basic precautions in pesticide uses.(1)

Vocational Training

Production technology of Oyester mushroom.(4)

Awareness Camp

Indiscriminate use of hazardous chemicals in mushroom production.
 Deleterious affect of chemical pesticides on environment and human health.

Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Discipline: Home science

KVK Kokrajhar.



Discipline: Home science

KVK Kokrajhar.

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Home Science (No.1)

Title:Product Diversification of Handwoven Dhokhona design for bed spread.Thematic Area:Weaving.

Problem Diagnosed: Low Market Value of Handwoven fabric.

Non inclusion of elements and principal of design

Technology/ Social Concept to be		Location	No. of tri to be	als proposed	Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	No	
T1- Bodo Dokhona	Innovative	Maktaigaon Khuirahauri	3 unit	3	<u>New Technology</u>
Design/Motif in Bed Spread.	Concept	Khujrabguri, Habrubil,			1. Color Scheme
T2- Bodo Dhokhona					2. Principal of design.
Design (Size- <i>1.5mts wide</i> &		•			Farmer Practice
2.5 mts)					 Colour Scheme Principle Of Design A Balance B.Rhythm C.Harmony D Emphasis E Repeatation .

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Home Science (No.2)

Title:Value Added product from 'Mesta' (Hibicus Sabdariffa) Fibre.Thematic Area:Utilization of Bio Degraded product .Problem Diagnosed:Least use of Mesta Fibre.

	and year of release				
			Area	No	
Handicraft		5,	4 unit	4	<u>New Technology</u>
T1- Wall Hanging from Padmabil, <i>Mesta</i> Fibre. T2- Wall Hanging from Jute.	Padmabii,			1. Strength of <i>Mesta</i> fibre with jute	
					2. Colour fastness to sunlight.
					3. Texture
					4.Benefit Cost ratio.
					Farmer Practice
			 Strength of <i>Mesta</i> fibre with jute Colour fastness to sunlight. Texture Benefit Cost ratio 		

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Home Science (No.3)

Title: Detection and treatment of SAM Children (7 month- 3 yrs) and treatment through NRC.Thematic Area:Technique of child care (Improve BMI)Problem Diagnosed: Poor Immunity and more susceptible to disease.High Mortality and morbidity

Technology/ Social Concept to be	be technology	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	and year of release		Area	No	
 Plotting Growth 	AAU	Bajugaon, a	12 unit	12	<u>New Technology</u>
Chart in MCP Card.		Tulsibil, Matiajuri,			1. BMI calculation
•Mid Upper arm		Karimbazar			2. Head circumference.
Circumstances.					3. Upper arm circumference
•Head Circumference					4. Weight to age ratio
					Farmer Practice
 Refferal mechanism –NRC 					BMI calculation
•Assam Mix					 Head circumference. Upper arm Circumference Weight To Age Ratio
					Bilateral Pitting Odema.



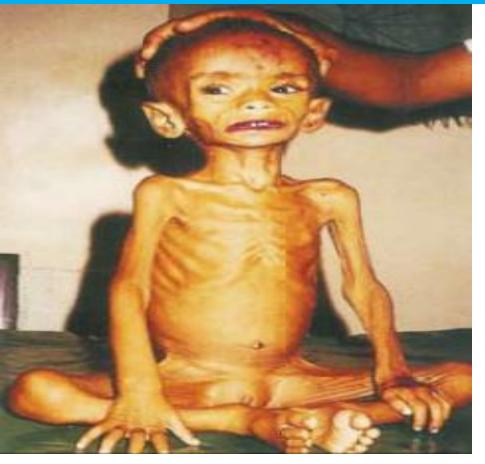
Green zone: > 12.5 cm = Normal

Yellow zone: 11.5 to 12.5 cm = Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)



Red zone: <11.5 cm= Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) Immediately refer the child to NRC for admission

Visible Severe Wasting





Front view :

- Outline of ribs easily seen
- Skin of upper arm looks loose
- Skin of thighs looks loose

Posterior view :

- Ribs and shoulder easily seen
- Folds of skin loose around buttocks and thighs

Infrastructure for NRC



IPD room





Play room



Kitchen

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Home Science (No.4)

Title:Construction of Low Cost Bakery and confectionary unit.Thematic Area:Use of Women friendly tool.Problem Diagnosed:Poor Immunity and more susceptible to disease.High Mortality and morbidity

Technology/ Social Concept to be		No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
			Area	No	
Heat conductivity Heat trapping •T1- Heat transfer through Sand. •T2- Heat transfer through Oven.	Traditional method	Padmabil, Kokrajhar, Gossaigoan, Choraikhola, Habrubil.	5 unit	5	New Technology1. Colour of Food product2. Crispyness of food.3. Texture4. Durability of baked item.5. Time taken6. Uniformity of baked item7. Fuel consumption8. Cost of production.Farmer Practice1. Colour, Cripiness of Food, Texture, Durability ,
					uniformity of Baked Item. 2. Fuel Consumption 3. Cost of Production.

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Home science

KVK Kokrajhar.

FLD - No.1 (Discipline: Home Science) No.1

Title:Application of Natural dye on yarnThematic Area:Organic dye introduction/ utilizationProblem Diagnosed : High cost of synthetic dye Non use of locally available natural dye unaware about Eco friendly fibre/fabric									
Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of De proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement				
	Telease		Area	No					
Application of Natural			7 unit 7	7	<u>New Technology</u>				
dye on yarn <i>i) Dhatura</i> Leaves	Jorhat	Hatibandha, Diajijhiri			1. Colour fastness under sunlight				
ii) Seed of Annato					2. Pressing				
					3. Washing				
					4.Cost of production				
					Farmer Practice				

FLD - No.2 (Discipline: Home Science)

Title:Ergonomically design weaving chair for fly-shuttle WeaversThematic Area:Drudgery reduction

Problem Diagnosed : Poor body Posteur leads to fatigue.

Frequent moving leads to high energy consumption

Concept to be	technology and year of release		proposed	to be	assessment/refinement	
			Area	No		
Drudgery reduction technology	AAU Jorhat	Padmabil, Hatibandha, Diajijhiri, Maktaigoan	4 unit	4	<u>New Technology</u>	
					Time	
					Height	
					Working Capacity	
					Farmer Practice	
					 Time Height Working Capacity 	

FLD - No.3 (Discipline: Home Science)

Title:Flower Base Construction and wall hanging from Waste Materials.Thematic Area:Utilization of waste material (Bio Degraded/Bio Non Degraded)Problem Diagnosed : Poor knowledge on reutilization of waste

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of Demos proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement		
			Area	No			
Handicraft	AAU Jorhat	Oxiguri, Padmabil, Hatibandha, Diajijhiri, Maktaigoan	8 unit	8	<u>New Technology</u>		
 Flower Base making Wall hanging. 					Utility		
					Marketability		
					Durability		
					Farmer Practice		
					 Waste are treated as waste Unaware of refinement of waste products. 		

FLD - No.4 (Discipline: Home Science)

Maize Sheller- Rotatory type

Thematic Area: Drudgery reduction

Title:

Problem Diagnosed : Use of tradional method of shelling maize

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of Demos proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	No	
T1 – Maize Sheller T2- Farmers practice (hand Shelling)	AAU Jorhat	Maktaigoan Batabari, Gaonchulka, Ballimari, Khatribari, Dhauliguri, Chengmari, Jiaguri, Malaguri,	14 unit	14	<u>New Technology</u>
					Utility
					Time
					Farmer Practice
					Utility
					Time

TRAINING

Discipline: Home science

Training for farmer and farm women

- Deficiency diseases and diet for rural folk
- Hygiene and sanitation for adolescent Girls
- Value addition of Fruit (Jam)
- Drudgery reduction of Farm women
- Household Nutrition security through nutritional Gardening
- Value addition of Vegetable through pickle making. (Mixed vegetable Pickle)
- Training on Bakery and confectionary.(Cake and biscuit)
- Preparation of Supplementary food (Assam Mix)
- Value Addition of Fabric through Stencil Printing
- Preparation of Tomato Sauce, green chilli sauce
- Glass painting
- Training of Eligible couple on family Planning Practices.

Training for Rural Youth

- Artificial Flower Making
- Block printing on table mate
- Value addition of prawn

Training for Extension Functionaries

- Importance of Vitamins and minerals in diet specially for diet of PW, Lactating Women and Adolescent Girl.
- Malnutrition/obesity in children and its treatment through diet

Vocational Training

- Value addition of Fabric through Embriodery (F/FW)(2 days)
- Construction of Children Garments and value addition through Tie and dye. (RY)(4 Days)

Awareness Camp of Home Science

- Awareness camp on Hand Washing Practices (UNICEF).
- Importance of early and exclusive breast feeding for infant.
- Awareness camp on De-worming and Vitamin A.

Action Plan for the year 2016-17

Discipline: Fishery



Discipline: Fishery

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Fishery

Title: Performance evaluation of Low cost polyethylene in highly erodible light textured soil of homestead pond

Thematic Area: Pond Management.

Problem Diagnosed: Water retention capacity of soil is poor

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolog	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	y and year of release		No	Area	
 T-1:Use of low cost black polyethylene (LDPE, 5 micron thickness)@Rs 200/sqm for water harvesting structure. T-2: Application of high dose of organic manure @10,000 kg/ha at the depth of 1-1.5m T-3: Farmer Practice 	CIFE, MUMBAI	Hatigarh, Kadamguri, Titaguri	3	o.15 ha	New Technologya)Length-weight data & FCRb) Water quality parameter such air and watertemperature, pH, D.O, Free CO2, Total Alkalinity,Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDSand Nitrate, phosphate and Ammoniab) Monthly average rainfall and evaporationc) Water depth at the time of stocking &rearing periodd)Qualitative and Quantitative analysis ofplanktone) B:Cratio analysisFarmer Practice

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Fishery

Title Study on Bi-culture of Mozambique tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) with bronze feather back (*Notopterus chitala*) in shallow homestead ponds.

Thematic Area: Feeding Management Problem Diagnosed: High cost of fish feed

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolo	Location	No. of trials proposed to be		Parameters of assessment/refinement
	gy and year of release		No	Area	
T-1 .Bi-culture of	CIFRI,	Kajak para,	3	0.15 ha	<u>New Technology</u>
Mozambique tilapia with bronze feather back chital in 400-500 m2 shallow ponds of 1-1.5m depth @100:1 T-2: Monoculture of tilapia in 400-500 m2 shallow ponds of 1-1.5m depth @ 2nos/sqm T-3: Monoculture of chital in 400-500 m2 shallow ponds of 1-1.5m depth @ 1nos/sqm	BARRACK PORE	padmabil& Rajapara			 a) Length-weight data & Food Conversion ratio(FCR) b)Water quality parameter such air and water temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO2, Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDS and Nitrate, phosphate and Ammonia c) Water depth at the time of stocking & rearing period d)Qualitative and Quantitative analysis of plankton e) B:C ratio analysis

On Farm Trials - Discipline: Fishery

Title Study on growth of indigenous minor carps Mali (*L calbasu*) and Kurhi (*L gonius*) as an alternative of Common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*) under composite carp culture technology **Thematic Area**: OTHERS (Poly culture of carps)

Problem Diagnosed: Common carp has some drawbacks i.e.; browsing of pond embankment, prolific breeding nature etc. This results in economic loss to the farm.

Technology/ Social Concept to be	cept to be technolo proposed to be			Parameters of assessment/refinement	
	gy and year of release		No	Area	
T-1: Culture of IMC Catla- 25%, Rohu-20%, Mrigal- 15%, and minor carp of Mali-20%, Kurhi-20% @ Stocking density 5500 nos/ha T-2:Culture of IMC Catla- 15%, Rohu-15%, Mrigal- 20% and exotic carp Silver carp-20%, Grass carp10% and Common carp-20% @ Stocking density 5500 nos/ha T-3 :Farmers practices	FRC,AAU	Koklingbari Nayagaon Dawaguri	3	0.39 ha	New Technologya) length-weight data and FCRb) Water quality parameter such air andwater temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO2, TotalAlkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity,Transparency, TS, TDS and Nitrate,phosphate and Ammoniad) B:Cratio analysis

FRONT LINE DEMONSTRATION

Discipline: Fishery

Title: Nutrient Management of Composite fish culture Thematic Area: Pond Management **Problem Diagnosed :** Unscientific management of fish culture

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	Location	No. of demos proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	Demo	
 T-1: Application dose of organic and inorganic fertilizers i.e., 2000 kg of cow dung/ha initially and 1000kg of cow dung/ha monthly. 25kg/ha of Urea and 20kg/ha SSP monthly, 180 kg/ha rice-bran and mustard oil cake at 1:1 ratio throughout culture period. T-2: Farmer practice 	FRC,AAU	Ghoskata,Di ngdinga& Kairabani	1.33 ha	10	a) Monthly length-weight data b) Water quality parameter such air and water temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO ₂ , Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDS and Nitrate, phosphate and Ammonia c)Qualitative and Quantitative analysis of plankton d) B:Cratio analysis

Title: Feeding carps with balanced diet Thematic Area: OTHERS(Semi intensive culture of carps) **Problem Diagnosed** : In-appropriate of feeding of carp

Concept to be techno	Source of Location technology	No. of de proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement	
	and year of release		Area	Demo	
T-1 Introduction of Sushma a balanced diet formulated and manufactured by FRC, AAU Requirement : One kg feed per fish to grow up to one kg with in one year Depth : 1.5 - 2.5 m Stocking density : 5500/ha Stocking materials : Stunted yearlings (carried over seed) Stocking time : April-May Pond size: 450 - 800 m2 Feeding method : Bag feeding T-2: Farmer practice	FRC,AAU	Kochumbil Fakrigram Bhauraguri	o.66 ha	5	a)Water quality parameter such air and water temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO ₂ , Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDS and Nitrate, phosphate and Ammonia b) Water depth at the time of stocking & rearing period c) Plankton growth d) Date of stocking e) Measurement of monthly length- weight data f)Disease infestation g) Farmers' reaction

Title: Scientific species combination and ratio in composite fish culture Thematic Area: OTHERS (Composite fish culture)

Problem Diagnosed : Inappropriate stocking with incompatible species

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technology and year of release	chnology d year of		lemos ed	Parameters of assessment/refinement
	Terease		Area	Demo	
T-1: Culture of IMC Catla- 15%, Rohu-15%, Mrigal-20% and exotic carp Silver carp- 20%, Grass carp10% and Common carp-20% @ Stocking density 55000/ha Depth : 1.5 - 2.5 m Stocking density : 5500/ha Stocking materials : Stunted yearlings (carried over seed) Stocking time : April-May Pond size: 450 - 800 m2 Feeding method : Bag feeding T-2:Farmer practice	FRC,AAU	Alangmari, Dambruguri Khagrabari	o.66 ha	5	a) Monthly length-weight data b) Water quality parameter such air and water temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO ₂ , Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDS c) Water depth at the time of stocking & rearing period d) Plankton growth e) Date of stocking f) Disease infestation g) Farmers' reaction

Title: Raising air-breathing fishes like Magur (*Clarias batrachus*) in small swallow ponds Thematic Area: OTHERS(Air-breathing fish culture) Problem Diagnosed : Low water level of fish pond

Technology/ Social Concept to be	Source of technolog y and year of release	Location	No. of de proposed		Parameters of assessment/refinement
			Area	Demo	
T-1: Culture of Magur in shallow ponds Pond size:<200sqm Depth :1-1.5m depth Stocking density: 7nos/sqm of size sized fish (5-10 g) Feed : 3-5% body weight T-2: Farmer practice	FRC,AAU	Bhawlaguri, Balimari Batabari	0.10 ha	5	a) Water quality parameter such air and water temperature, pH, D.O, Free CO ₂ , Total Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Turbidity, Transparency, TS, TDS and Nitrate, phosphate and Ammonia b) Water depth at the time of stocking & rearing period c) Plankton growth d) . Date of stocking e) Monthly length-weight data f)Disease infestation g) Farmers' reaction

TRAINING

Discipline: Fishery

Training for farmer and farm women

- Management of Composite fish culture
- Common Carp breeding
- Quality fish seed and its importance in fish culture
- Integrated fish cum pig farming
- Scientific construction of a fish pond
- Water quality management in fish culture.
- Integrated Poultry-Pig-Fish-Horticulture Crop Farming System
- Periphyton based aquaculture system
- Scientific species combination and ratio in composite fish culture
- Diversification of fresh water prawn in composite fish culture
- Carp seed raising in homestead pond
- Construction of Rain water harvesting structure for fish culture
- Air-breath fish culture

Training for Rural Youth

- Livestock component as a part of integrated fish farming (2)
- Problem and Prospect of Beel fisheries development in Kokrajhar district (1)

Training for Extension Functionaries

- Recent advances in fish farming(2)
- National aquatic animal disease surveillance programme (2)
- Assam Fisheries Rules (1)

Vocational Training

- Aquarium construction and maintenance
- Entrepreneurship Development though Mega seed production of Exotic ornamental Species.

Awareness Camp

- Conservation of Indigenous ornamental of Assam
- Responsible Fisheries and Aquaculture practice in Assam





Target for seed production, Planting material for the

year 2016-17

Activity	Target
Seed production	50 tones
Planting materials	10000 nos
Fingerlings (Ornamental)	2000 nos
Bio pesticide (Bioveer)	100 kg

Extension Activities proposed for the year 2016-17

Activity	Target
Diagnostic visit	110
Advisory services/ telephone talk	304
Training Manual	9
Celebration of Important days	4
Exhibition	4
Exposure visit	9
Extension literature (Leaflet/ folders/ Pamphlets)	16
Extension / technical bulletin	16
News letter	1
News paper coverage	26
Research publications	9
Success stories/ Case studies	12
Farm Science Clubs' Convenors meet	4
Farmers' Seminar	4
Farmers' visit to KVKs	145

Extension Activities proposed for the year 2016-17

Activity	Target
Ex-trainees' meet	2
Field day	22
Film show	4
Radio Talk	24
TV talk	3
Kishan Goshthi	0
Group Meeting	11
Kishan Mela	1
Soil Health Camps	1
Awareness camp	10
Method demonstration	25
Scientists' visit to farmers' field	144
Workshop/ Seminar	7

Extension Activities proposed for the year 2016-17

Activity	Target
Soil Testing	1500
Water Testing	50
Plant Testing	100
Manure Testing	50
SMS Service	150
Farmers' Scientist Interaction	2

Thank you... for patience listening